

**CRITERION 3** 

3.3.2. NUMBER OF BOOKS AND CHAPTERS IN EDITED VOLUMES/BOOKS PUBLISHED AND PAPERS PUBLISHED IN NATIONAL/ INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS PER TEACHER DURING THE YEAR

NAMES OF THE AUTHORS
PROF. (SR.) MOLLY ABRAHAM
DR. NAVDEEP THAKUR
DR. DEVINA AUCHOYBUR
MR. MANU MAHAJAN
DR. DEVINA AUCHOYBUR
DR. KUSUM

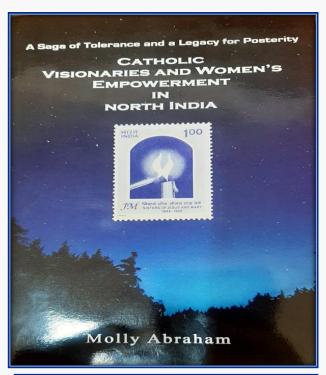


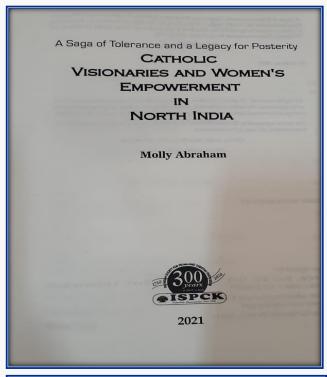
1. Prof. (Sr.) Molly Abraham- Department of History

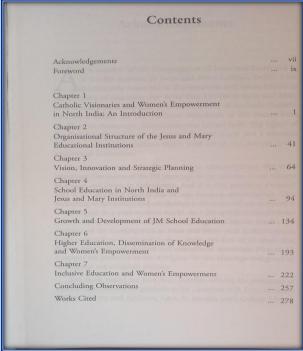
Title of the Book: Catholic Visionaries and Women's Empowerment in North India

Year: 2021

ISBN: 978-81-949231-0-7







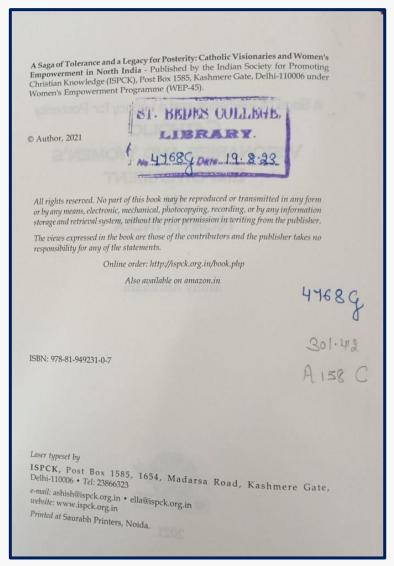
awareness of living things in the environment along with sensitivity to the feelings of others, an altruistic attitude, honesty and humility are the what Claudine dreamed of, and for which she opened her educational institutions. These educational institutions aim to instruct young girls values that often find its expression in love of God and respect for the demanded that her Sisters in the Congregation should continue to do the same till the very end through Christian education.

Founding Vision of JM Education

Claudine considered that education is the only potential means to attain the ultimate purpose in lives. Imbued with the Spirit of Christ, she hoped that the students would act as Leaven and Salt <sup>2</sup> (Matt5:13) in their own social milieu. This is quite evident that those who have studied in JM institutions learnt to cater to the socio-economic needs of the family and society, as responsible citizens by setting themselves as examples in various walks of life. If this were to be done effectively, students would need a strong intellectual, moral and emotional formation. She chose the best elements from the educational systems of her time and added her own ideas to it, adopted them and organized them into a whole, so as to achieve inclusive and transformative education for the empowerment of young women.

Her system of education had a scientifically tempered Christian outlook. To act as an influence in the social structure and in such a milieu, the students were required to be proficient in their skills. In her educational vision Claudine combined two ideals, namely, good life based on Christian values and the means to earn a decent livelihood. She offered subjects that helped them to become good citizens, leaders, mothers, wives, and teachers, within their families, society, and nation at large. Hence her liberal and innovative ideas already foreseen at that time were duly converted into vocational studies and preparations. One can see how Claudine's vision foresaw Gandhiji's own Wardha Scheme

Book Published by Prof. (Sr.) Molly Abraham



Book Published by Prof. (Sr.) Molly Abraham



## St. Bede's College Shimla

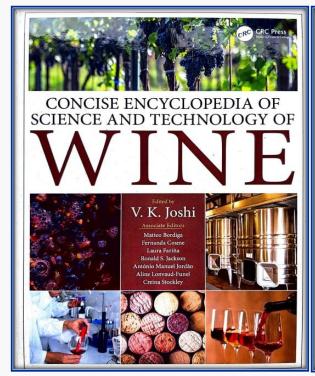
2. Dr. Navdeep Thakur - Department of Biotechnology

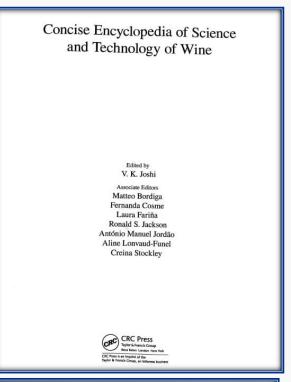
Title of Book: Concise Encyclopedia of Science and Technology of Wine

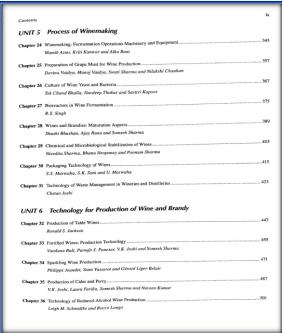
Title of Chapter: Culture of Wine Yeast and Bacteria

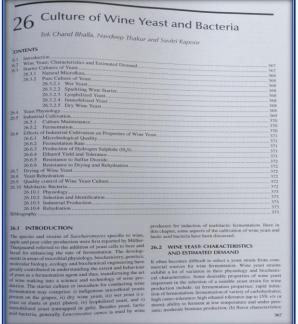
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Chapter Published by Dr. Navdeep Thakur

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Title: Concise encyclopedia of science and technology of wine / edited by V.K. Joshi; associate editors: Matteo Bordiga, Fernanda Cosme, Laura Fariña, Ronald S. Jackson, António Manuel Jordão, Aline Lonvaud-Funel, Creina Stockley.

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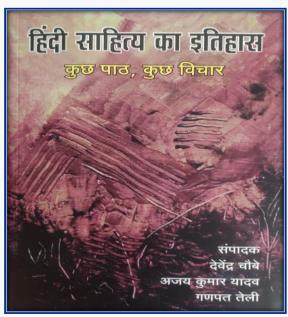


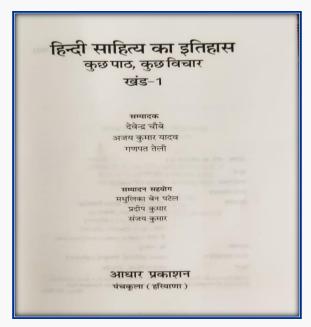
3. Dr. Devina Auchoybur- Department of Hindi

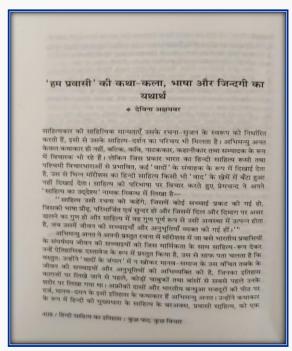
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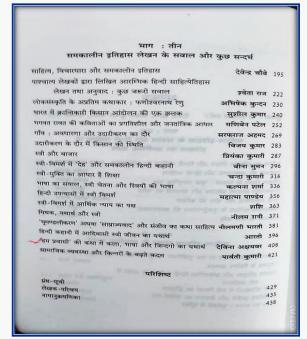
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Chapter Published by Dr. Devina Auchoybur

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Edited by Devendra Choubey, Ajay Kumar Yadav, Ganpat Teli

Chapter Published by Dr. Devina Auchoybur

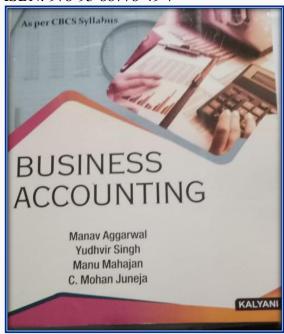


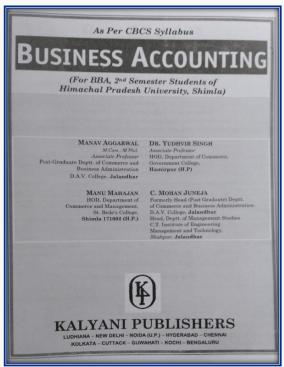
4. Mr. Manu Mahajan- Department of Commerce

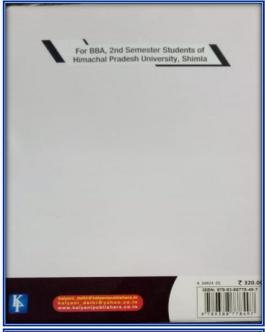
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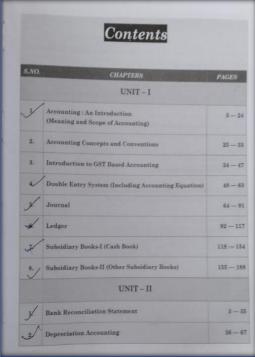
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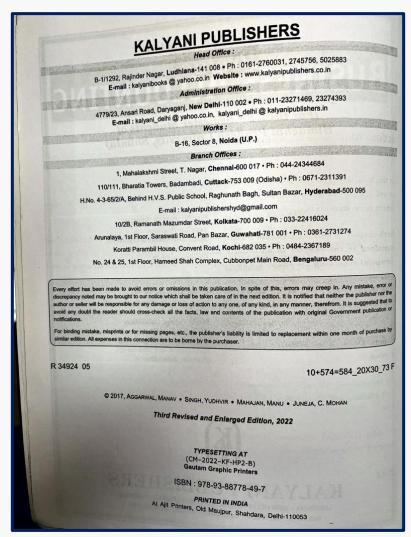








Book Published by Mr. Manu Mahajan



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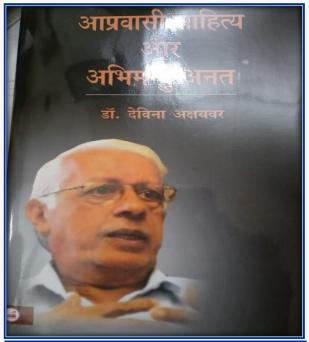


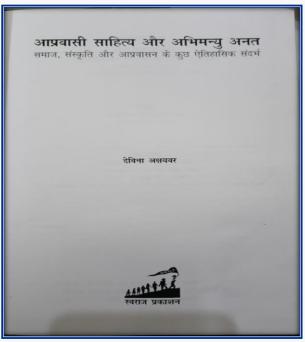
5. Dr. Devina Auchoybur- Department of Hindi

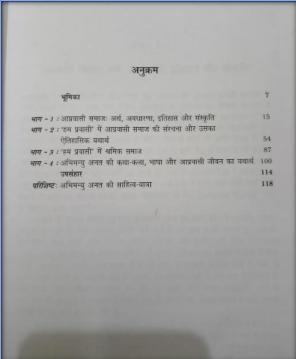
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Book Published by Dr. Devina Auchoybur



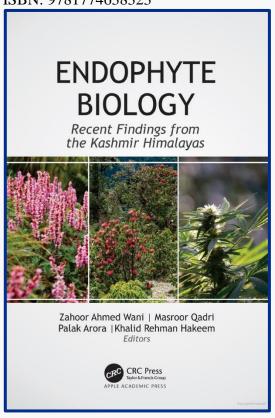
6 Dr. Kusum – Department of Botany

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Book Chapter by Dr. Kusum

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Book Chapter by Dr. Kusum

Endophyte Biology Orchids and Mycorrhizal Endophyte and distribution of mycorrhizal fungi act as a key factor affecting orchid population dynamics (McCormick et al., 2019). According to McCormick and Jacquennya (2014), ordain mycornizal fungi (OMF) not only drive the local abundance and dynamics of individual ordain populations but also influence the coexistence and the regional distribution of various orchid which indicate that fungus augments orchid development through r ing autotrophic plants (Zelmer and Currah, 1995; Taylor and Burns which indicate that fungus augments orchid development through regulation of various transcription factors (DMI, NSP, WRKY, GRAS, SWET, CCaME, ENODI, TPP etc.), involved in plant growth and development, in addition to this, its size culture studies involving symbiotic seed germination and further development in the presence of the specific insporting layoritary, promotes seed germination and robustness of the seedlings. The studies on orchid approximizal associations provide a conceptual furnework to understand the mechanisms of selection of fungal partner, establishment of the symbiotic association, mutritional aspects, and ecological adaptations. The present chapter provides an outline on possible physiological, molecular and ecological approaches involved in the study of OMF interactions. 1997; McKendrick et al., 2000; Selosse and Roy, 2009; Rasmussen et al. 2015) thereby making them behave as epiparasites (exploitative association) on the later (Taylor and Burns, 1997; Cullings et al., 1996; Bidartondo and 2015) thereby making them behave as epipuranises (explointaive association) on the latter (Dayler and Burus, 1997; Cullings et al., 1996; Bidartondo and Bruns, 2001; Oguna-Tsujia et al., 2009).

In epiphytic orclads, on the other hand, the mycorrhizal dependency is rather less as their protecomes become photosynthetic at early life stages (Hadley, 1982; Vij and Slamma, 1983; Arditti, 1992; Dearnaley, 2007; Manoharbachy and Tilak, 2015). These orchids can partially meet their mineral mutrition from dast, organic debris, and stemflow along the host bark (Arditti, 1992; Zettler et al., 2011; Rasmusen et al., 2015) and, therefore, generally have facultative mycorrhizal associations (Gold et al., 1992; Richardson et al., 1993; Rosmusen, 2002; Bornaria, 2004; Moontum et al., 2008; Zotz and Winkler, 2013). Comparatively lesser occurrence of pelotons in many adult epiphytic orchids has led some researchers to question their importance for plant mutrition, especially during their adulthood (Bayman et al., 2002). According to Rasmussen et al. (2015) and Phillips et al. (2020), our understanding about the meyorrhizal calogy of tropical epiphytic and lithophytic orchids is quite limited. Interestingly, Inbitat-driven mycorrhizal associations have also been indicated by Opi et al. (2015) and Ruball et al. (2017) while investigating Neotito ovuta and Chiloglottis populations growing in varied substrates and locations. Association of fungi with orchid roots was first observed by Reissek (1847), and Frank (1885) proposed the term mycorrhize, for this association. Wahrlich (1886) and James (1897) hater confirmed the occurrence of mycorrhizal fungi in orchids. Further research carried out by Bernard (1905, 1904) and Burgeff (1936, 1904, 1909) demonstrated that orchid seeds cannot germinate without these fungal association. Orchids remain associated with fungal mycorrel at least at some stage of their life cycle, but the requirement is critical during the early stages of their development when ambient mutritional resources are senrec (Harley, 1965, Jacquennyn et al., 2012). Association of fungi with orchid roots was first observed by Reissek 14.1 INTRODUCTION It is believed that almost all land plants are, to some extent, engaged in symbiotic relationships with mycorrhizal fungi (Dockie et al., 2015). These, muntually beneficial interactions are as important drivers of global plant biogeographical patterns (Delavunc et al., 2019). The interactions are constantly evolving where the mycorrhizal fungi have gradhally widered their biotrophic capabilities to take advantage of their hosts for food and protection while the hosts have devologed strategies to accommodate the fungal associates (Genre et al., 2020). Such relationship is quite crucial in Orchiderea, where right from the germination of seet to the establishment seedlings, all the processes are possitively correlated with successful mycorrhizal associations under natural conditions.

Orchides are well known weedboxide for their unique and long-lasting flowers, and immense therapeutic properties. Presently, there are more than 28,000 species recorded across the globe (Gowarest et al., 2020). Opting chiefly for an epiphytic life mode, and the presence of velamen tissue in roots, and albellum (lip) grousegium (column), and compound polleus in flowers, are some of the important characteristic features, which make them different from other plants. They represent the pinnacle of plant evolution but still depend upon suitable fungi and pollitators to complete their life cycle. Orchide seeds are the smallest in plant kingdom and are produced in large numbers. These seeds lack necessary mutritional reserves to sustain its cone contraination and this includible forms the basis of various credible. 14.2 MYCORRHIZAL ASSOCIATION VARIES WITH ORCHID LIFE Mycorhizal association is more prominent in terrestrial orclarks (Rasmussen, 1995; Sathiyadash et al., 2020; Phillips et al., 2020) as the mycorhizae aid in survival of ground growing taxa under comparatively harsher conditions by making them better adapted to their labatos (Buergli, 1995; Rasmussen, 1995; Swarts and Doxon, 2009; Smith et al., 2010). The leafless mycoheterotrophs, which prefer to grow in moist and humus-rich labatosts, possess comparatively stronger mycorhizal obligation, which is usually lifelong (Vij and Sharma, 1983; McKendrick et al., 2000; Smith and Read, 2008; Martos et al., 2009; Merekx, 2013). Such orchast inservle a vuloer varyet of mycorhizal fungi belonging to Glomeromycota, Basidiomycota, and Ascomycota, as well as some saprobic taxe of Agaricomycetes (Hug (Hydopus, Gymmopus, Marasmiellus) and Sordariomycetes (Imgi (ilke Clonostackys, Resiniciam), and also exhibit higher dager of specificity with respect to their association (Furnam and Trappe, 1971; Richardson et al., 1993; Taylor and Bruns, 1997; McKendrick et al., 2000; Taylor et al., 2002; Taujin et al., 2009; Deannaley et al., 2012; According to Merckx (2013), the retention of an entirely 14.3 ORCHID MYCORRHIZAL FUNGI (OMF) HELP THE HOST IN MANIFOLD WAYS Lack of chlorophyll and failure to utilize the available nutrient reserves make Les o Cutoropiyi and naturate on turze or evanuate untreat reserves make orchid seeds completely dependent upon their fungal associates for untrition (Rasumssen and Rasumssen, 2009). OMF augment carbohydrate mutrition by breaking down the complex organic compounds in the soft abstract and facilitates their subsequent release in the orchid host (Rasumssen, 1995; Smith and Read, 1997; Dearmely, 2007; Mehra et al., 2016). This includes carbon (Smith, 1907; Ackander and Halley), 1985; Tuddel Fat, 2005; Cameron et al., 2006; 2008; Bongour et al., 2010; Rasumssen et al., 2015; Mehra et al., 2016; Allen et large numbers. These seeds lack necessary nutritional reserves to sustain its own germination, and this inability forms the basis of various orchid-mycorrhizal interactions (Rasmussen and Rasmussen, 2009). The fungus aids successive et al., 2012. According to Merckx (2013), the real, 2007. Demander of et al., 2012. According to Merckx (2013), the retention of an entirely mycoheretorophic state, where the plant remains totally dependent on the finguss even at maturity, has also evolved sporadically across Orchidaceae. Interestingly, under certain circumstances, the orchid seedlings also get carbon 2016), phosphorus (Alexander et al., 1984; Smith and Read, 1997; Cameron et al., 2007; Nurfadilah et al., 2013; Zhao et al., 2014), nitrogen (Burgeff, 1936; Barrosso et al., 1986; Rasmussen, 1995; Smith and Read, 1997; Trudell in germination of these microscopic, nonendospermic seeds by providing the requisite nutrients. This association is so important that the abundance ron et al., 2006; Bougoure et al., 2010; Nurfadilah et al. nutrition via ectomycorrhizal fungi which connect them with the root 2013: Ding et al., 2014: Zhao et al., 2014: Rasmu Non Commercial Use

Book Chapter by Dr. Kusum



## St. Bede's College Shimla



Book Chapter by Dr. Kusum published on January 2022